# **Evaluation Abstract**

## Title, author and date of the evaluation report:

Mid-Term Review of Programme Support for Northern Pakistan (PSNP), conducted by Francois Droz, Mehreen Hosain and Dhunmai Cowasjee, June/July 2003

## Name of project, programme or organizational unit:

Programme Support for Northern Pakistan (PSNP)

# Objectives of the project, programme or mandate of the organizational unit:

PSNP is comprised of two major components aimed at (1) supporting sustainable development in Northern Pakistan (external focus) and (2) supporting IUCN Pakistan's institutional capacity (internal focus).

**IUCN area of specialisation:** Conservation Strategies

Geographical area: Northern Pakistan, Asia Region

Project or programme duration, length of existence of organisational unit: July 2001 – June 2004

Overall budget of the project, programme or organizational unit: Not specified

**Donor(s):** Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)

Objectives of the evaluation: Not specified

Note: This report complements the Mid-Term Review of Programme Sarhad Provincial Conservation Strategy Support Project – Phase IV.

**Type of evaluation:** Mid-Term Project Evaluation

**Period covered by the evaluation:** July 2001 – June 2003

**Commissioned by:** SDC and IUCN

**Audience: SDC and IUCN** 

**Evaluation team:** Mixed Internal/External

Methodology used: Not specified

Questions of the evaluation: Not specified

#### **Findings:**

The report contains a detailed description of progress made in supporting the sustainable development of Northern Pakistan and in building the institutional capacity of IUCN Pakistan. The following are only selected highlights from the evaluation team's observations:

- PSNP is on track with its institutional strengthening activities, even though major efforts have been needed following reorganization of the government at the provincial level.
- Feedback from government shows a great deal of satisfaction in the work accomplished. However, some stakeholders mentioned that IUCN's technical capacity was not always readily available and that it should refrain from overextending its resources.

- IUCN has helped foster linkages between many small-scale civil society organizations. As a result of technical assistance provided, a number of environment-related proposals have been developed, some of which currently awaiting funding.
- IUCN's decentralized planning experience was replicated in two other districts (D.I.Khan and Nowshehra). In addition, the IUCN programmes in Balochistan and Sindh have benefited from the lessons learned from the Sarhad Programme in district strategy development.
- The Northern Areas Programme has both contributed to and benefited from the work conducted in NWFP. However, the review team notes that programme is not very coherent and integrated. It also faces a different context from NWFP, given the different government set-up, strong local identities, and different partners.

# **Recommendations:**

The report provides a series of recommendations, including:

• *Institutional Strengthening*: Revisit the underlying assumption that the SPCS is the planning instrument for sustainable development at the provincial level and adapt the approach to the district level. Focus on