

Projected impact 2021–2025

Our activity will be progressively and significantly redirected towards more conservation-relevant species and sites, rather than towards multiple Red Listing of species not associated with clear conservation issues. We shall deliver a communication on this re-orientation at the Biospeleological Society Congress, held in Romania in July 2022. In parallel, we are discussing special features of subterranean animal assessments, as they strongly differ from surface species in many important respects; we hope that this will impact positively the way they are assessed in the near future. We also expect it will have a real impact on conservation efficiency by targeting as priority the species most at risk on critical sites.

Targets 2021–2025

ASSESS

T-001 Upgrade the Brazilian cave species from national to global IUCN Red List assessments.

T-002 Complete global Red List assessment of 20 cave species from Maros karst, South Sulawesi (Indonesia).

T-003 Complete global Red List assessment of several cave species from Georgia.

T-004 Complete global Red List assessment of Remipedia.

T-005 Complete global Red List assessment of a cave species from Hon Chong karst, Viet Nam.

T-010 Revise the global Red List assessments for the Dinaric cave clam *Congerius kusceri* (which is now three species).

NETWORK

T-011 Participate in designating the 'Tony Whitten Conservation Prize' fund for grants on cave biodiversity of Southeast Asia.

COMMUNICATE

T-006 Develop CISG website.

T-007 Participate at the 21st International

T-009 (KSR 13)

Review article – a draft :
a draft :

Review – : Little progress has been made, as the two congresses where we should have discussed this with colleagues were postponed to 2022. The discussion will be held in these two congresses next summer.

T-014 (KSR 12)

Book review – :

Review – : Reprint as a book of the Special Issue “Hotspots of Subterranean Biodiversity”, originally published in HYPERLINK "https://www.mdpi.com/journal/diversity/Diversity (Pipan T., D.C. Culver and L. Deharveng (Eds.). 2021. Hotspots of Subterranean Biodiversity. https://doi.org/10.3390/books978-3-0365-2360-6).

associated yet, but links are expected to be established within the current quadrennium with SSC groups whose coverage includes Sesipon, Sipon, Sipon, Sipon, Sipon (ants, termites, snails, spiders), and with the World Commission on Protected Areas. In the red listing field project on the Maros karst invertebrate fauna (Indonesia: Sulawesi), the work will be done in cooperation with the Bantimurung-Bulusaraung National Park authorities.

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Summary of achievement (100%)

