

To accomplish those targets, the Species Conservation Cycle was established, which is the conceptual framework for the Network activities. The Species Conservation Cycle's Stand-alone reports summarize the activities conducted and results generated by each group member of the SSC. Following, is the structure of the stand-alone report and the contents under each session.

Title of the SSC Group

Photograph(s) of the Chair / Co-Chairs

Group information

Includes names of Chair / Co-Chairs, Vice-Chairs, Deputy Chairs, Red List Authority Coordinators and Program Of cers, their institutional af liations, number of members and social networks currently active.

Logo of the SSC Group

Mission statement

Includes the mission of the group.

Projected impact for the 2021-2025 quadrennium

Includes the description of the impact on species conservation resulting from the implementation of the targets formulated by the group for the 2021-2025 quadrennium.

Targets for the 2021-2025 quadrennium

Includes the targets planned by the SSC Group for the 2021-2025 quadrennium ordered alphabetically by component of the Species Conservation Cycle. Each target is Committee

Center for Species Survival

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2022 Report

IUCN SSC Sustainable Use and Livelihoods Specialist Group

CHAIR Dil Re NUMBER OF MEMBERS

260

International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED), London, UK

Mission statement

For nature and for people: building global understanding on sustainable use of wildlife.

Projected impact 2021-2025

A key priority is to diversify and expand SULi's membership so we better represent, and engage with, use of wild species across all taxonomic realms and improve our representation globally. It is imperative that we bring much more attention to the use of species in the fungi, invertebrate and plants groups (which are frequently overlooked). The SULi is developing a database to be a reliable and trusted provider of high-quality information on the utilisation (sustainable and unsustainable) of wild species, and the recorded ecological, social and economic impacts of that utilisation. There are a number of technical outputs near completion or in the pipeline, including guidance on integrating indigenous and local knowledge into Red List assessments and guidance on the harvesting of threatened species, a contribution to the CITES World Wildlife Trade report and a situation analysis on hunting. The SULi will continue its engagement with the institutions, conventions and

treaties that determine international wildlife policy, e.g. CITES, Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), and the Subsidiary Body on Scienti c, Technical and Technological **T-020** (T2017-6) Roll out the First Line of Defence initiative in further East/Southern African countries.
Status: On track

T-022

South America and sub-Saharan Africa'. International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED), London IUCN, Gland (available at https://www.iied.org/21021g) and accompanying blog published on the IIED website: (2) "Protecting wildlife with local solutions: putting learning into practice", found at: https://www.iied.org/protecting-wildlife-local-solutions-putting-learning-practice.

Synergy

T-016 WCC-2020-Re -076: De el a --ga e f k 🛭 🖟 Ildlife-ba ed ec ic de el e 🖺 Africa (ißh IUCN Ea 👺 a d S 🖺 er Africa Regi al Of ce, ESARO). (KSR 10)

Establishment of One Programme Initiative to deliver the required actions of the Resolution: 0

Result description: Following a meeting at APAC, it was agreed that the Wildlife Economy Task Force being led by Sue Snyman (African Leadership University) will be the main mechanism for driving this Resolution forward due to strong overlap.

Technical advice

T-006 C d clig bal il all a al i f cial, ec ic, a dec l gical i acl f h l g. (KSR 11)

Number of sustainable use practices supported: 0

Result description: Work on this formally started in 2022. A presentation was given at the African Protected Areas Congress, the content of which was also used for a SULi-hosted webinar to share information on the work across IUCN. A Steering Committee has been created and three postdocs and six students have been recruited to contribute to the study.

T-007 De el a d Be Efra e kfra e i g Bai abiliB f ildlife e. (KSR 11)

Number of sustainable use practices supported: 0

Result description: SULi has started work on this with the project partners. A literature review has been carried out looking for existing assessment frameworks in each dimension (ecological, social, economic etc), and a multi-disciplinary expert group is being created to cover each of these.

T-008 De ig Kai able e da Kaba e a d d c e Kla Kilea Ki20 Kai able e .ac-Nice e .ea. (KSR 11)

Number of sustainable use practices supported: 0

Result description: SULi has started work on this with the project partners. A literature review has been carried out looking for existing assessment frameworks in each dimension (ecological, social, economic etc), and a multi-disciplinary expert group is being created to cover each of these.

T-009 H Ida Malea M e e e M e e e M b ild ca aci M a g M lic ake a d jec M e gage c i-Me i Mackli gillegal ildlife Made.

(KSR 11)

Number of unsustainable use practices tackled: 5

Result description: Three People not Poaching (PnP) regional workshops held online (March) with case study representatives from across Southeast Asia, South America and sub-Saharan Africa to discuss and consolidate the key lessons learned from the approaches showcased on PnP; SULi co-partnered a "Sustainability and Resilience pavilion" with a dedicated session to PnP at APAC; Dilys Roe spoke at the Reverse the Red side event at CITES CoP19