

http://www.sacep.org/?page_id=2682

<https://www.iucn.org/sites/dev/files/content/documents/draft-project-of-the-global-pact-for-the-environment.pdf>

GLOBAL PACT FOR THE ENVIRONMENT INITIATIVE	SOUTH ASIA CO-OPERATIVE ENVIRONMENT PROGRAM (SACEP) INSTRUMENTS	SACEP Sections Elaborated
Article 1		

duty to take care of the environment. To this end, everyone contributes at their

Article 5 – Prevention

The necessary measures shall be taken to prevent environmental harm. The Parties have the duty to ensure that activities under their jurisdiction or control do not cause damage to the environments of other Parties or in areas beyond the limits of their national jurisdiction. They shall take the necessary measures to ensure that an environmental impact assessment is conducted prior to any decision made to authorise or engage in a project, an activity, a plan, or a program that is likely to have a significant adverse impact on the environment. In particular, States shall keep under surveillance the effect of an above-mentioned

[Male Declaration on Control and Prevention of Air Pollution and its Transboundary Effects for South Asia of 1997](#)

Recognizing the potential for increase in transboundary air pollution as a corollary of air pollution in each country;

Realising that the potential for air pollution increase and its transboundary effects will accumulate in the absence of national measures to abate and prevent such potential;

Reiterating in this context Principle 21 of the UN Declaration on the Human Environment in 1972 which stated that States have, in accordance with the charter of the United Nations and the principle of international laws, the sovereign right to exploit their own resources pursuant to their own environmental policies, and the responsibility to ensure that activities within their jurisdiction or control do not cause damage to the environment of other states or of areas beyond the limits of national jurisdiction;

We further declare that we shall continue this process in stages with mutual consultation to draw up and implement national and regional action plans and protocols based on a fuller understanding of transboundary air pollution issues.

project, activity, plan, or program which they authorise or engage in, in view of their obligation of due diligence.

[South Asian Seas Action Plan – 1995](#)
Paras 5 & 6(b)
Section A

5. The objective of the Action Plan is to protect and manage the marine environment and related coastal ecosystems of the region. This objective includes the promotion of sustainable development and sound management of regional marine and coastal resources...

<p>immediately notify other States of any natural disasters or other emergencies that are likely to produce sudden harmful effects on the environment of those States. Parties shall promptly cooperate to help concerned States.</p>		
<p>Article 8 Polluter Pays Parties shall ensure that prevention, mitigation and remediation costs for pollution, and other environmental disruptions and degradation are, to the greatest possible extent, borne by their originator.</p>		
<p>Article 9 Access to Information Every person, without being required to state an interest, has a right of access to environmental information held by public authorities. Public authorities shall, within the framework of their national legislations, collect and make available to the public relevant environmental information.</p>		

environment.		
Article 11 Access to Environmental Justice Parties shall ensure the right of effective and affordable access to administrative and judicial procedures, including redress and remedies, to challenge acts or omissions of public authorities or private persons which contravene environmental law, taking into consideration the provisions of the present Pact.		

[South Asian Seas
Action Plan – 1995](#)
Institutional and
Financial
Arrangements for the
Implementation of
the Action Plan

[South Asian Seas
Action Plan – 1995](#)
Paras 6(a) and 7(c)
Section B - 10.1
Section C

6.

	Section B - 10.12 & 10.13 Annex I Annex II	<p>for the whole region.</p> <p>6. The general goals of the action plan are: (d) to strengthen and encourage, through increased regional collaboration, the activities of institutions within the region involved in the study of marine and coastal resources and ecosystems;</p> <p>B. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT - ... 10.12 Co-operation in the establishment and management of national protected coastal and marine habitats, in the establishment of a regional network of protected areas, in joint activities to protect coastal ecosystems and wildlife and in the training of technical and managerial personnel in the conservation of wildlife and habitats; and 10.13 Co-operation in conservation and protection of marine living resources from pollution and over-exploitation.</p> <p>ANNEX I: Integrated Coastal Zone Management - 2. ...Therefore, specifically targeted regional co-operation activities could boost the exchange of experiences, information, data and expertise in relevant sectors; promote co-operative research programmes and technology transfer;</p> <p>ANNEX II: Development and Implementation of National and Regional Oil and Chemical Spill Contingency Planning - 2. The risk associated with oil transportation along the routes of the region is high due to the intensity of oil tanker movements. Therefore, this component builds on earlier studies and regional initiatives in the field and aims at enhancing consultation and technical co-operation among the states of the region...</p>
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Parties' common but differentiated responsibilities and respective capabilities, in light of different national circumstances.

12.SACEP