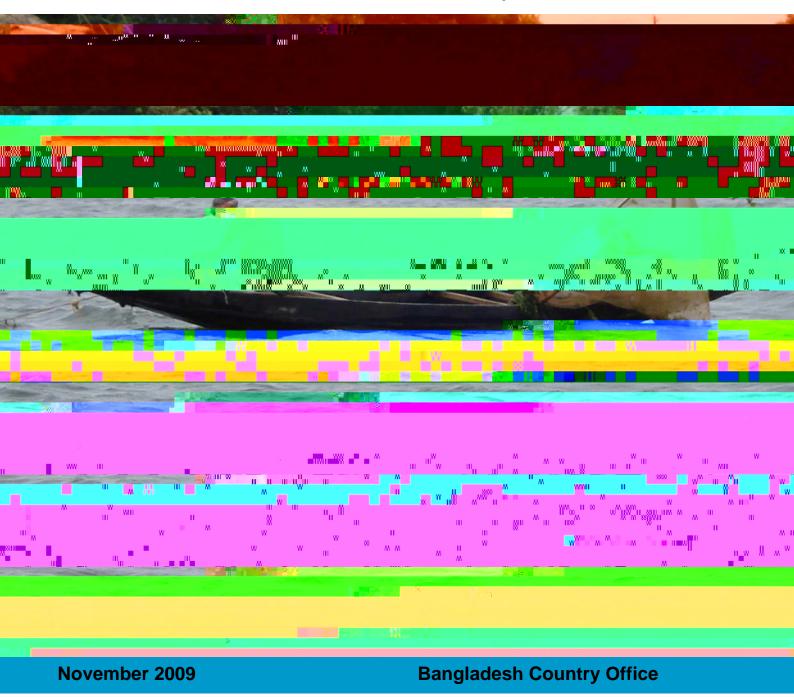


Community Based Sustainable Management of Tanguar Haor: 2nd Phase

Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of Bangladesh

Operational Report
01 May 2009 - 31 October 2009





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Operational Report
01 May 2009 - 31 October 2009

With Financial Assistance from:

Prepared and submitted by:

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List of Acronyms

BELA Bangladesh Environmental Lawyers Association

CACC Central Adhoc Co-management Committee, previously named as Central

Adhoc Committee (CAC)

CNRS Centre for Natural Resource Studies - A local partner NGO of Bangladesh

CR Country Representative, IUCN-B

ECA Ecologically Critical Area
ERA Efforts for Rural Advancement
GoB Government of Bangladesh

HHs Households

IMOEF Intercooperation - a technical partner organization

Minst y Rf Bnvironme

IGA(s) Inocme E7dnrationg Aciveityies

Table of Content

LIST OF ACRONYMS	.1
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Executive Summary

- 1. SDC signed a further contract with IUCNB in April 2009 to initiate the 2nd phase from May 2009 to April 2012 as an expansion of preparatory stage not a full Development stage as recommended by the review mission.
- 2. A total of 59 communities out of 88 are mobilized through Village Co-management Committees (VCCs) under 4 Union Adhoc Co-management Committees (UACCs) and 1 Central Adhoc Co-management Committee (CACC) with consensus.
- 3. About 44% of households (HHs) among these 59 villages have accepted membership under this community platform.
- 4. Average women representation increased from 15.51% in preparatory phase to 19.59% in first six months of 2nd Phase.
- 5. About 23% (1996 HHs out of 8809 HHs) of the underprivileged households accepted membership of the community platform.
- 6. A total of 59 villages out of 88 have accumulated a fund of BDT 4,954,894.00 and developed the capacity of providing financial assistance to their members from their own source.
- 7. Data shows that out of 3,641 members in 59 villages, 1,366 received BDT 4,212,000.00 as financial support and conducting 28 types of IGAs under five major domains.

Background

Tanguar Haor (TH) is a globally significant wetland with an unique ecosystem, known for its many species of fish and as a staging area for at least half a million of migratory birds, is the only source of living for over 56,000 people located in villages around its periphery. The first ever conservation project undertaken by Government in TH was National Conservation Strategy Implementation Project (NCS IP) in early 90s where IUCN-B (International Union for Conservation of Nature, Bangladesh Country Office) worked as a technical partner. Later on IUCN-B kept on policy advocacy for conservation of TH. Eventually, the Government took a bold decision to declare it as an Ecologically Critical Area (ECA) in 1999 and a Ramsar site in 2000. Ownership of TH was also transferred from Ministry of Land (MoL) to Ministry of Environment and Forests (MoEF).

All these have been historic milestones achieved towards brining about a new management paradigm that led government to request IUCN-B officially to seek fund form donors to replace the "traditional leasing" system with a community based management system following Ramsar principles. IUCNB subsequently submitted a proposal on "Community Based Sustainable Management of Tanguar Haor" to Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC) in August 2005. The proposal was reviewed by SDC and subsequently Mr. Peter Hislaire was appointed as an independent international consultant to appraise the context of the proposed programme. The consultant proposed that activities in Tanguar Haor should be divided into following three stages¹:

- f Preparatory stage (18 months)
- f Development stage (36 to 60 months)
- f Consolidation stage (36 months)

IUCNB took note of the recommendations made by Mr. Hislaire and developed a proposal for the "Preparatory Stage". SDC in line with their Country Strategy signed a contract with GoB to provide necessary financial support. Accordingly, MoEF nominated IUCN-B to implement the project on behalf of the government.

The first phase of the project started in December 2006. In March 2008, an independent evaluator was nominated to undertake a thorough assessment of the project achievements as against the suggestions put forward in the mission document of 2006 and project proposal. The mission found the progress satisfactory and suggested to conti

2. Taking Stock of the Progress

Outcome 1- Communities have capacity tonegotiate, manage and use the natural resources for better livelihood

This particular outcome has been considered as the foundation of the development objective expecting mobilisation of 10,205 HHs living in 84 villages to be organised under the organisational structure of 81 Village Co-management Committees (VCC), 4 Union Co-Management Committees (UCC) and a Central Co-Management Committee (CCC). All members would have an interactive understanding on vision, mission, organizational integrity and institutional sustainability and mobilized towards participating in co-management of TH resources having sufficient options of different livelihoods and IGAs to reduce dependency on TH resources. An interim governance mechanism for co-management of TH is expected to be formed with the common consensus of all stakeholders. Community organisation would have legal status to take part in the governance mechanism. Resource sharing concepts would be finalised through large scale application and proper agreement following wise use principle of Ramsar. Progress under this outcome within the reporting time presented below:

o Development of a common platform for articulation of community interest and participation in negotiation process: A total of 59 communities out of 88 are mobilized so far through Village Co-management (V) (100) (10

expected to apply this access rights more fruitfully for a longer period of time in the coming year. Please see Table-9 in Annex-8 for more details on fish harvest and income from non-commercial fish harvest piloting.

- o Change in social behaviourFollowing changes were noticed from social contexts-
 - Community peoples are accustomed with the democratic electoral process of choosing own leaders.
 - Community members are getting habituated with the organisational decision making process under this leadership.

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Wr[

- o Community-Based Participatory Monitoring and Evaluation System improved: Following progresses are done to establish Community-Based Monitoring and Evaluation System in the project.
 - A user-friendly performance-based monitoring and evaluation form for VCC has already been developed in consultation with the community and partners. This format will help community assessing the quality and performance of all VCC under a particular union. UCC leaders are expected to conduct this monitoring in every quarter. Please see a translated copy of the monitoring form enclosed in Annex-9.
 - Another user-friendly performance-based monitoring and evaluation form for UCC has also been develope

- It is hoped that the standardisation would increase their competency to borrow money from PKSF to support their member.
- All project documents have been uploaded in IUCNB website. Currently work in going on to tag with IUCN Global site.
- Other studies like biodiversity assessment, fish value chain analysis has been scheduled during commercial fish harvest.
- o Improvement in negotiation processFollowing progress are achieved-
 - CACC leaders are co-opted as THMC members that will strengthen negotiation capacity of the community with the government.
 - Community has successfully negotiated with

3. Management Systems and Project Implementation Issues

3.1 Project Steering

In following the first phase, there is a provision of the Project Steering Committee chaired by

3.3 Project staffing

PSMU has been strengthened by the recruitment of a dynamic and efficient government official with a status of Deputy Secretary in the post of Senior Program Officer (SPO) at the Dhaka Office. It is expected that the newly recruited SPO will play significant role in establishing better communication with GoB and achieve quick decisions in favour of the project implementation process. In addition, IUCN authority has recruited Program Officer (Monitoring & Evaluation) to ensure best M&E system for the project.

3.4 Financial and Management Oversight

Since financial implications in the project activities are very significant for overall project management, an internal audit mission works monthly to streamline the activities with appropriate budget line. Steps have been taken for monitoring and ee9. Steps tem

4. Major Challenges, Opportunities & the Road Ahead

Major constraints, challenges and opportunities identified during the reporting time are documented with possible strategic interventions in the table below-

SI No	Constraints	Challenges	Opportunities
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SI No	Constraints	Challenges	Opportunities	Way forward
The	e difficulty in managing and	-		

Descriptive Summary/	Indicators	Achievements from May to October 2009				
Intervention Logic						
3. Political and policy support continued at the national, regional and local level for up-scaling and ensuring long-term sustainability of the -management system for Tanguar Haor	 X Vision statement by govt. non govt. stakeholders on the desired future of TH X Participating in negotiation process X Stakeholders participating in multistakeholder forum meetings and supporting with needed resources X Policy statement on the acceptance of new rules 	 o Central Co-management Committee (CCC) leaders are co-opted as THMC members that would strengthen negotiation capacity of the community with the government. o CAC has been successful in convincing District Administration to provide khas land to set up 4 UCC offices. o Community-Based participatory Monitoring and Evaluation system developed. o Community has successfully negotiated GoB officials at district level to provide services like seeds and fertilisers at village level. 				

Annex-2: Showing detail House Hold Coverage by 31st October'09

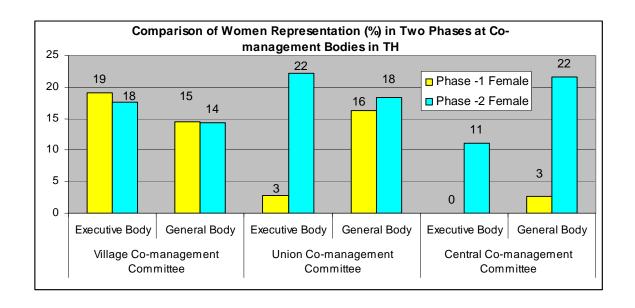
		Table-1: Sh	nowing deta	il House H	lold Cover	aget lØyc3d l	er'09		
								_	om 1st May 09
SI#	SI# Union	Village	HH according to Census	НН	n April'09(Male Headed	Female	HH Nos	Male Headed	P(Phase-2) Female Headed
1.		Binodpur	84	48	48	0		0 0	0
2.		Nobabpur	59	28	28	0		0 0	0
3.		Bhoraghat	84	30	28	2		1 1	0
4.		Chiragaon	67	44	44	0		0 0	0
5.		Birendranaga		48	47	' 1		3	3 0
6.		Ratanpur	250	68	68	0		0 0	0
7.		Joipur	51	44	43	1		2 2	0
8.		Indrapur	133	92	90	2		0 0	0
9.	Uttar Sreepu		116	50	49	1		0 0	0
10.		Mandiata	154	91	89	2		6 6	0
11.		Moihiajuri	46	32	32	0		1 1	0
12.		Golabari	29	28	26	2		0 0	0
13.		Kamonapara	41	25	23	2		0 (0
14.		Silani Tahirpu		68	68	0		5 ;	5 0
15.		Paniakhali	34	5	5	0		0 0	0
16.		Mujrai	44	36	36	0	(0	0
17.		Kamalpur	30	0	0	0	3	0 30	0
18.		Dumal	98	65	65	0	8	8	0
19.		Joyasree	77	44	44	0		2 2	0
20.		Utiargaon	49	0	0	0		4 42	
21.		Nouagaon	57	0	0	0	4	0 38	
22.		Keshtopur	42	39	39	0		1 1	0
23.									

	Table-1: Showing detail House Hold Coverage Dyctdber'09									
				HH cove	erage from	1st Dec'0	HH c	overage fro	om 1st May	
			HH	to 30tl	to 30th April'09(Phase-1)			to 31st Oct'09(Phase-2)		
SI#	Union	Village	according		Male	Female	НН	Male	Female	
			to Census	coverag	Headed	Headed	Nos	Headed	Headed	

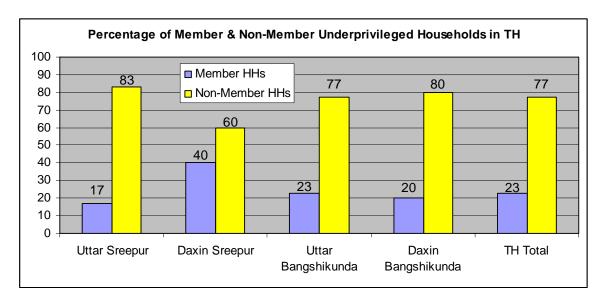
Annex-3: Status of women representation in different decision making tires in Two Phases

	Table-2: S	Showing sta	atus of wome	en represent	ation by A	pril 2009
Name of different Co- management body	Total nos. of committees in 4 unions	Total nos. of elected leaders	No of elected Male leaders	No of elected Female leaders	Represe ntation % of Female leaders	Remarks
Village Executive Committee (EC	47	235	190	45	19.15	of each village
Union Ad-hoc Committee (EC) 4	36	35	01	2.78	9 elected executive member of each Union.
Union Ad-hoc Committee (GB) 4	276	231	45	16.30	276 (=47x5+41); Here 41 members are representatives of non committee villages.
Central Ad-hoc Committee (EC	1	9	9	0	0.00	8 elected members & 1 is PSMU staff of IUCN.

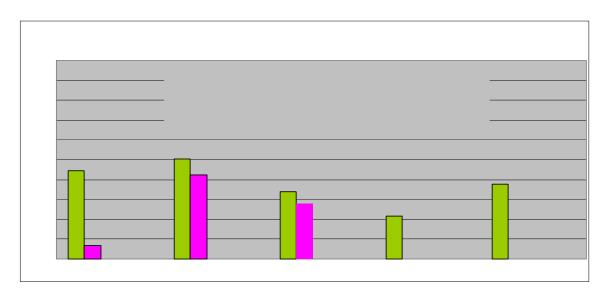
Graph-1: Showing comparison of women represeation in different decision making bodies in Tanguar Haor



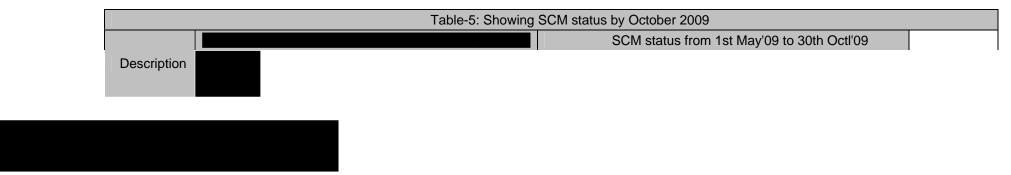
Graph – 2: Showing percentage of Member & Non-Member Underprivileged Households by Union under Social Capital Management in Tanguar Haor



Graph-3: Showing Member Household Percentage Total underprivileged Households by Union & by Category under Social Capital Management in Tanguar Haor



Annex-5: Status of Social Capital Management (SCM) by the Village Co-management Committees in Four Unions



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	Table-6: Showing status of IGA entrepreneurs under SCM													
ľ	Number of Entrepreneurs by Union													
			US DS		S	U	В	DB		Total		Percentage		
	#	Domain & Sub-doma	in M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	Grand F Total	%M	%F
1	28	Cow	4	1	0		6	0	4	7			, , , , , ,	701

Annex-7: Outputs of Non-Commercial Fish Harvest Piloting

	Table-8: Showing outputs of normmercial fish harvest piloting											
Description of license 8		ER	4		CN	RS	Grand	Unit	Α	mountin Ta	aka	
permit	UB	DB	Tota	l US	S D	S To	tal Total	Price	ERA	CNRS	Total	I
License for Lar Hook		12	29	41	50	21	71	112	500	20,500	35,500	56,
License for Tana Jal		1	0	1	0	0	0	1	300	300	-	300
Total	13	29	42	50	21	71	113					
Permit August (Lar hoo	k)	12	29	41	50	21	71	112	100	4,100	7,100	11
Permit August (Tana Ja	al)	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	50	50	-	50
Permit September (Lar hook)	1	17	18	18	10) 28	46	10	0 1,8	300 2	,800 4	4,600
Total	14	46	60	68	31	99	159		26,750	45,400	72,15	50
Benefit Sharing Mechanism												
36% share for commun	iity								9,630	16,34	4 25,9	74
40% for community CC	С	<u> </u>	•	•		•			10	,700 1	8,160	28,860

Annex-8: Quantity of fish harvest and income

Annex 9: Translated version of Union Co-management Committee Monitoring Form.

Status Monitoring Form for

Union Co-management Committee

Community Based Sustainable Co-management Program of Tanguar Haor

Name of the Union Committee: ------ Evaluator's Name: -------

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A. Accountability & Responsibility

S1 #	Monitoring Items	Marks Obtained		
A.1	Percentage of THMC decisions implemented in last three months.	Number of works done	Marks	
A.2	Percentage of the CACC decisions implemented in last three months.	Number of works done	Marks	
Marking	criteria: $0\% = 1$,	1-40% = 2, $41-60% = 3$, $61-79$	9% = 4, 80> =	5
	To	otal marks obtained in Section A		

S1 #	Monitoring Items		Marks Obtained
	Marking criteria		
	a. Notice for meeting = 5 marks	a	
	b. For writing resolutions = 1 mark	b	
	c. If resolutions is self written = 2 marks	c	
	d. If prescribed format is followed = 2 marks	d	
	e. Number for attendance signature for each leader per	e	
	meeting = 1 mark	f	
	f. Quarterly report writing = 5 marks	g	
	g. If quarterly report is written in prescribed format $= 2$	h	
	marks	i	
	h. If quarterly report is self-written = 4 marks	j	
	i. If quarterly report is written by staff = deduct 2 marks	k	
	j. Quarterly plan preparation = 5 marks	1	
	k. If quarterly plan is self prepared = 5 marks	m	
	1. If quarterly plan is prepared by staff = deduct 2 marks	n	
	m. For attendance of each 10 members in the meetings $= 1$		
	marks and highest 5 marks.		
	n. If resolution is not written for any meeting, deduct $= 5$		
	marks for each		
	Total number obtained in Section B		

C Efficiency Monitoring of respective Village Co-management Committees

S1 #	Monitoring Items		Marks Obtained
C.1	a. Accountability & Responsibility	Total marks for all villages:	Avg Marks
Markin	g criteria: Calculate average marks dividing the tota	l marks for all villages by total	number of
villages	s under the Union		
C.2	b. Marks on leveraging GoB services for	Total marks for all	Avg Marks
C.2	underprivileged.	villages:	Avg Marks
Markin	g criteria: Calculate average marks dividing the tota	l marks for all villages by total	number of
villages	s under the Union		
C.3	c. Capacity of organizing and executing	Total marks for all	Ava Morles
different meetings & programs villages:			Avg Marks
Marking criteria: Calculate average marks dividing the total marks for all villages by total number of			
villages under the Union			

S1 #	Monitoring Items	Marks Obtained
	Total marks obtained in Section C	

D. Marking System: A. Total Marks:				
B. Marks Obtained:				
C. Percentage of Marks obt	tained (B yA	x 100):		
F. Grading System:				
80% and above =	"A"	61-79% =	"B"	
41 – 60 % =	"C"	1 - 40% =	"D"	
G. Monitoring Information:				
Signature of Evaluato:				
Date of Evaluation:				
Specific Comments (if any)				

Annex 10: Translated version of Village Co-management Committee Monitoring Form.

Village Co-management Committee Status Monitoring Form Community Based Sustainable Co-management Program of Tanguar Haor

Village Committee Name:	Evaluator's Name:

A. Responsibility & Accountability

S1 #	Monitoring Issues		Obtained Marks
A.1	Percentage of UCC decision has been executed / implemented in last three months.	Number of works done	Number
Guidelir	ne for marking: 0% = 1, 1	-40% = 2, 41-60% = 3, 61-79	% = 4, 80> = 5
	Total number obtained in Section A		

B. Capacity or skills to leverageGoB services for Underprivileged

)			
S1 #	Monitoring Issues		Obtained Marks	
B.1	Percentage demand for fertilizer met?	Demand (kg):	Number:	
Guidelir	ne for marking: Not applicable = 0, 0% = 1, 1-40	% = 2, 41-60% = 3, 61-79%	= 4, 80> = 5	
B.2	Percentage demand for seed met.	Demand (kg):	Number:	
Guidelir	ne for marking: Not applicable = 0, 0% = 1, 1-40	% = 2, 41-60% = 3, 61-79%	= 4, 80> = 5	
B.3	wbR GjvKvq KZevi Wv³vi wb‡Z †c‡i‡Q? Number of times doctors brought to respective area?		Number:	
Guidelir	ne for marking: Not applicable = 0, not at all = 1, 1-2	2 times = 2, 3 times = 3, 4 tim	nes = 4, more th	
4 times	4 times= 5			
B.4	Number of times veterinary doctors brought to respective area?		Number:	
Guidelin 4 times=	ne for marking: Not applicable = 0, not at all = 1, 1-2	2 times = 2, 3 times = 3, 4 tim	nes = 4, more th	

S1 #	Monitoring Issues		Obtained Marks
Guideli	ne for marking: Not applicable = 0 , $0\% = 1$, $1-40$	% = 2, 41-60% = 3, 61-79%	= 4, 80> = 5
B.10	Number of members with license permit caught		Number:
Б.10	for using illegal fishing gears		
Guideli	ne for marking: no one = 5, 1 nos = deduc25nos = d	educt 10, more than 3 nos =	deduct 20.
B.11	Number of members cought for illegal fishing		Number:
D.11	Number of members caught for illegal fishing		
Guideli	ne for marking: no one = 5, 1 nos = deduc25nos = d	educt 10, more than 3 nos =	deduct 20.
B.12	Number of non-members caught for illegal		Number:
D .12	fishing		
Guideli	ne for marking: no one = 5, 1 nos = deduc25nos = d	educt 10, more than 3 nos =	deduct 20.
B.13	Number of members (leaders) attended UCC	Nos = 5 nos	Number:
B.13	general meeting in last 3 months.	NOS = 3 IIOS	
Guideli	ne for marking: not applicable = 0, not at all = 1, 1 n	os = 1, 2 nos = 3, 3 nos = 4,	greater than
	Total	number obtained in Section B	

C Capacity to arrange different meetings, gatherings & facilitation

S1 #	Monitoring Issues		Obtained Marks	
C.1	Number of weekly meeting held in last 3 months	Targe	et meeting number t 13	Number:
Guide	eline for marking: Not applicable = 0, 0% =	1, 1-4	40% = 2, 41-60% = 3, 61-7	79% = 4, 80> = 5
C.2	Percentage of resolution written for weekly meetings held in last 3 months.	Targ	geted resolution nos: 13	Number:
Guide	eline for marking: Not applicable = 0, 0% =	1, 1-4	40% = 2, 41-60% = 3, 61-7	79% = 4, 80> = 5
C.3	Percentage of leaders present in weekly meeting in last 3 months.	Targe	eted presence: 13 83=39	Number:
Guide	eline for marking: Not applicable = 0, 0% =	1, 1-4	10% = 2, 41-60% = 3, 61-7	9% = 4, 80> = 5
C.4	Quality of resolution writing for weekly meetin last 3 months.	tings	Targeted number : 91	Number:
	Guideline for Numbering: f. For each resolution = 1 mark g. If resolution is written by members = 2 marks h. If prescribed format is followed for each = 2 ma i. Attendance signature for each 3 member = 2 ma j. If resolution is not written for any meeting, dedu 5 marks.	ırk	f g h i j	
C.5	Number of monthly general meetings held in 3 months		Meeting target t 3	Number:
Guide	eline for marking: Not applicable = 0, 0% =			
C.6	Quality of arranging monthly general meeting last 3 months.	g in	Total allocation: 27X3= 81	Number:

S1 #	Monitoring Issues		Obtained Marks
	Guideline for Marking: o. Notice for meeting = 5 marks p. If prescribed format is followed = 2 marks q. Number for attendance signature for each member = 1 mark r. Monthly planning report writing = 5 marks s. If month plan is prepared by committee = 5 marks t. If month plan is prepared by staff = deduct 2 marks u. For presence of each 10 members = 1 marks and highest 5 marks.	o. p. q. r. s. t.	
C.7	Percentage of leaders present in general meeting in last 3 months. Bline for marking: Not applicable = 0, 0% = 1, 1-4	Targeted presence = 15 0% = 2.41-60% = 3.61-7	Number: 9% = 4, 80> = 5
C.8	Quality of resolution writing for general meetings in last 3 months.	Total allocation: 5X3= 15	Number:
	 Guideline for Marking: a. For writing resolution = 1 mark b. If resolution is written by them = 2 marks c. If prescribed format is followed = 2 marks for each resolution d. If resolution is not written = deduct 5 marks for each meeting. 	abdd.	
C.9	Number of decisions taken in monthly meeting executed in last 3 months.	Total number of decision:	b¤^it

S1 #	Monitoring Issues	Obtained Marks
D.5	weMZ wZb gv‡m Puv`v Av`v‡qi nvi? Percentage of subscription fee collected in last 3 months.	Number:

F. Capacity to execute training programs.

S1#