



Global forest reliance

LLS findings indicate that forest reliance world wide varies between about 25% and 40% of total annual income. However, cash income from forests is quite minor compared to the direct consumption (non cash) income it provides. Typically, cash income from forests is about *one fifth*, and non cash income about *four fifths*, of the

Gender aspects of forest reliance

In general, women rely on forests more than men do, and poorer people rely more than fall
droughts and emergencies is not true.

Some forest products (fuelwood, forest leaves, etc.) are often sold by women. Where they exist, some specific high value products—e.g. cola nuts, cashew nuts, malva nuts in Laos, and gaharu wood and rattan in

Indonesia—are usually sold by men.

